## Social Studies 9 • Unit 5 The War to End War

## 5D WWI Ends - The Aftermath of the Great War



### **Lesson Focus Questions**

- What effect did Canada's participation in WWI have on Canadian society and its status as a nation?
- How did WWI end, and what agreements followed?

Main Reference Cranny, M., Moles, G. (2010). Counterpoints: Exploring Canadian Issues. Toronto: Pearson.

**Image:** National representatives and leaders meet at the Paris Peace Conference, 1919

**Source:** http://treatyversailles.wordpress.com/

## Reading

Take a brisk read through Ch. 2 p. 42-46, slowing down to focus on ideas which you find very new, interesting, or confusing. Try re-reading it after you are done but before the next test.

Provide a brief definition and/or example for the following terms & ideas:

- armistice
- · Treaty of Versailles
- pandemic (use Spanish Flu as an example)

## Questions

- 1. What was going on in Russia towards the end of the war? Why did Czar Nicholas abdicate? (p. 42)
- 2. Why did the USA enter the war? (p. 42)
- 3. What was the Hundred Days Campaign. What was Canada's role? (p. 43)

4. Describe briefly the collapse of the Central Powers and the armistice that ended hostiliti 42-43)	es. (p.
5. What happened at the Paris Peace Conference? What was Canada's role? (p. 43, 45)	
6. Which of the terms of the Treaty of Versailles do you think would have upset Germany t most? Why? (p. 43, 45)	:he
7. Look at the map on p. 42: Which nations were changed the most as the result of WWI?	
8. Read p. 44 and take note of any opinions you develop from reading about the impact of on Canada.	• WWI

9. Complete a +/-/interesting chart for the League of Nations (benefits, drawbacks, other ideas that occur to you. (p. 45-46)		
+	-	interesting
10. What did returning soldiers face? (p. 46)		
11. Use p. 47 to clarify your unde	erstanding of the chapter and ou	r series of lessons on WWI.
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12. Anything else you want to no	ote — what else did you learn abo	out Canada and WWI?

# The main points of the Treaty [BRAT]

The first 26 Articles of the Treaty set out the Covenant of the <u>League of Nations</u>; the rest of the 440 Articles detailed Germany's punishment:

- Germany had to accept the **Blame** for starting the war (Clause 231). This was vital because it provided the justification for...
- Germany had to pay £6,600 million (called Reparations) for the damage done during the war.
- Germany was forbidden to have submarines or an air force. She could have a navy of only six battleships, and an Army of just 100,000 men. In addition, Germany was not allowed to place any troops in the Rhineland, the strip of land, 50 miles wide, next to France.
- Germany lost **Territory** (land) in Europe (see map, below).
  Germany's colonies were given to Britain and France.

(Also, Germany was forbidden to join the League of Nations, or unite with Austria.)

## Source A

The Allied governments affirm, and Germany accepts, the responsibility of Germany and her allies for causing all the loss and damage to which the Allied governments and their peoples have been subjected as a result of the war.

The Treaty of Versailles, Clause 231 (the "War Guilt' clause)

## Source B

